Manipal Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences

Volume 3 | Issue 1 Article 4

3-1-2017

Rising predatory and paid journals versus ruining scientific validity and reliability

P Ramalingam

Raghavendra Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (RIPER) – Autonomous Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, India-515721, drramalingamp@gmail.com

ΑP

Follow this and additional works at: https://impressions.manipal.edu/mjps

Recommended Citation

Ramalingam, P and A P (2017) "Rising predatory and paid journals versus ruining scientific validity and reliability," *Manipal Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences*: Vol. 3: Iss. 1, Article 4. Available at: https://impressions.manipal.edu/mjps/vol3/iss1/4

This Perspective Article is brought to you for free and open access by the MAHE Journals at Impressions@MAHE. It has been accepted for inclusion in Manipal Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences by an authorized editor of Impressions@MAHE. For more information, please contact impressions@manipal.edu.

Perspective

Rising predatory and paid journals versus ruining scientific validity and reliability

P Ramalingam

Email: drramalingamp@gmail.com

Several reports stated that India is leading in predatory journals where they undertake scientific publications with absolute violation of ethics; it is not a surprise that they publish overnight with little or without peer review but with article processing charges (APC). Of course, it is a big issue in life sciences such as pharmacy, medicine, dentistry, nursing etc., where the researchers are stuck with false information published by these journals. There are many scientists from India, who have raised their argument against these journals but the outcome is still questionable despite this growing trend. In fact, the predatory journals are not only flourishing in India, but also started expanding in other countries such as USA, UK, etc. as well. Without further argument, it can be stated that the "journals publishing" has turned out as a business rather than serving as a source for literature of scientific reality and ethics. The fact is that the literature search is a platform for any new research especially in life and health sciences; these predatory and paid journals have ruined the reality of literature survey. Thus, the scientific information from these journals lack validity and reliability of research. There are various factors that boost the growth of predatory journals.

P Ramalingam

Professor and Director (PG Studies), Raghavendra Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (RIPER) – Autonomous Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, India-515721

How to cite this article: Ramalingam P. Rising predatory and paid journals versus ruining scientific validity and reliability. MJPS 2017; 3(1): 24–25.