

## **Conference Abstract**

DAY 1 15th September 2023 (Friday)	ORAL 1	2.00-3.30 pm
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Scientific Session 6

## Constitutional Reciprocal Balanced Translocation t(11;22)(q25;q13) in a couple with recurrent foetal loss: A case report

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**Introduction/ Background:** Recurrent pregnancy loss is classically defined as theoccurrence of three or more consecutive abortions; however, the American Societyof Reproductive Medicine has redefined recurrent pregnancy loss as two or moreabortions.Pregnancy loss is a clinically recognized pregnancy, involuntarily endingbefore 20 weeks of gestation. About 10 and 15% of the clinically recognizablepregnancies result in spontaneous miscarriages, with an additional preclinical lossof 22%. Constitutional balanced translocations are seen in about 1 in 600 live births.

**Case description:** A 28 yrs old female with non consanguineous marriage camewith a history of 3 spontaneous first trimester abortions. Her married life was 3years and her family history revealed that her elder sister had secondary infertilityand her mother also had history of 3 spontaneous abortions in the first trimester.Clinical examination, lab investigations and her follicular study of the couple werewithin normal limits. Hence the chromosomal study was advised.

**Results:** The karyotyping of the women showed 46XX,t(11;22)(q25;q13) and herhusbands karyotyping was normal 46XY. Her mother's and her sister'skaryotyping also revealed the similar translocation.

**Conclusion:** It is important to be aware of this translocation, its inheritancepattern and the diverse effects, so that parents and/or siblings and members of theextended family can be studied. This would help to predict the likelihood of othercarriers in the family having children with chromosomal imbalance as a result of this translocation.

Key words: Recurrent foetal loss, Karyotyping, Reciprocal translocation